

# 1. Identification of Substance & Company

#### **Product**

Product name Egmont Tree and Shrub

Other names Egmont Tree and Shrub Tabs 50pk

Egmont Nitro Tabs 25pk

HSNO approval HSR002571

Approval description Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

UN number NA
DG class NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA
Uses Fertiliser

**Company Details** 

Company EGMONT COMMERCIAL

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8245

New Zealand

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# **Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 764 766 (POISON CENTRE)**

# 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Approval**

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). This substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

#### GHS Classes Hazard Statements

Reproductive toxicity cat 2 H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### **SYMBOLS**

# **WARNING**



# **HSNO Classifications**

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

## **Precautionary Statements**

Prevention P103 - Read label before use.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.



### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Potassium nitrate	7757-79-1	5-10%
Ferrous sulphate monohydrate	17375-41-6	<1%
Manganese sulphate monohydrate	7785-87-7	<0.5%
Boric acid	10043-35-3	<0.5%
Zinc sulphate monohydrate	7446-19-7	<0.05%
ingredients not contributing to GHS classes	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

facilities Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse

mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

**Skin contact**This product is non-irritating to skin. No further measures should be required.
Inhaled
Generally, vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If court

Generally, vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically

### 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing

substances: Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam.

Unknown.

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water.

May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: NA

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Containment

**Emergency procedures** 

In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to storm water.

In the event of a large spillage (>100kg) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief

description of hazard.

Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your

regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Sweep up and collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If

contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency

services.

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Disposal Sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or

salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for

approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

**Precautions**Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

### 7. Storage & Handling

Storage SDS sheet must be available. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials

described in Section 10. Store in a cool, dry, area with sufficient natural/mechanical

ventilation to avoid airborne hazards.

**Handling** Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

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contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

Exposure Stds	ferrous sulphate monohydrate Manganese sulphate monohydrate (respirable) as Mn Manganese sulphate monohydrate as Mn	1mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.02mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable) 0.2mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not listed Not listed
	Boric acid (see borates below) Zinc sulphate monohydrate	Not listed Not listed	Not listed Not listed

Borates:
Borates, tetra sodium salts (anhydrous)
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (decahydrate)
Borates, tetra, sodium salts (pentahydrate)

1 mg/m³
Not listed
1 mg/m³
Not listed

## **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely.

Skin

Protective gloves and clothing are not normally necessary. However, it is prudent to wear gloves when handling chemicals in bulk or for an extended period of time.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use respirator with a dust/mist filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training

for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable



# 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance solid light beige coloured tablets
Odour odourless

Odour Threshold no data рΗ 6 Freezing/melting point no data **Boiling Point** no data Flashpoint no data Flammability non flammable Upper & lower flammable limits no LEL or UEL Vapour pressure no data Vapour density no data Specific gravity/density ~2g/cm3 Solubility no data Partition coefficient no data Auto-ignition temperature no data Decomposition temperature no data Viscosity no data Particle Characteristics no data

## 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme

heat and open flames.

Incompatible groups none known Substance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition none known products

Hazardous reactions none known

# 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

IF IN EYES: no effect anticipated. IF ON SKIN: no effect anticipated. IF INHALED: no effect anticipated/

CHRONIC TOXICITY: exposure to boric acids may affect reproductive system.

# **Supporting Data**

Acute Oral Using LD50's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is

>2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes:

Potassium nitrate 1901 mg/kg (rat),

Ferrous sulphate monohydrate 1520mg/kg (mouse), Manganese sulphate monohydrate 782mg/kg (rat),

Boric acid 2668 mg/kg (mouse),

Zinc sulphate monohydrate 1891mg/kg (mouse).

**Aspiration** This mixture is not an aspiration hazard.

**Dermal** Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture

is >2,000 mg/kg.

Inhaled Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the

mixture is >5mg/L/4h.

Eye The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant.

Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.



**Chronic Sensitisation** 

Mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive /
Developmental
Systemic
Aggravation of

existing conditions

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.

The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant.

Borates are considered suspected reproductive/developmental toxicant.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant.

None known.

### 12. Ecological Data

### **Summary**

This mixture is not considered ecotoxicity. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

### **Supporting Data**

**Aquatic** Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. Data

considered includes:

Ferrous sulphate monohydrate 20.8mg/L (96hr, Rainbow trout Oncorhynchus mykiss),

7.1 mg/L 948hr, Water flea Daphnia pulex),

Manganese sulphate monohydrate 61mg/l (72h, algae),

Zinc sulphate monohydrate 0.30179 mg/l (fish).

Bioaccumulation No data
Degradability No data

**Soil** No evidence of soilt toxicity.

Terrestrial vertebrate See acute toxicity.

**Terrestrial invertebrate** No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

**Environmental effect levels** No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

### 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions** There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

**Disposal method**Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore

rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.

**Contaminated packaging** Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is renedered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

### 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA



### 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Emergency plan Not required. Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

### 16. Other Information

### **Abbreviations**

Approval Code Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls,

EPA. www.epa.govt.nz

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

**EC**<sub>50</sub> Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

LD<sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.



### References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

Controls EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)

Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: EU ECHA

Review

DateReason for reviewSeptember 2022Not applicable – new SDS

### Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 104 0951.

